

Spirit of Jefferson.

BY JAMES W. BELLER. OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, "OLD VALLEY HOTEL."

The "SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON" is published every Tuesday Morning, at six o'clock, on Sunday the paper is published at the rate of \$3.00 per annum.

Advertisements will be inserted at the rate of \$1 per square for the first three insertions, and 25 cents for each continuation.

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL. WHEREAS we have obtained the most speedy remedy for weakness, Loss of Organic Powers, Pain in the Loins, Neuritis, Skin, Constitutional Debility, and all those horrid affections arising from a Certain Secret Habit of Youth, which heightens their brilliancy and hope of anticipations, rendering Marriage, etc., impossible.

A Cure Warranted or No Charge. Young Men especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually ruins the lives of thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellects, who might otherwise have engaged in the noblest and most useful pursuits of science, or waited to cotary the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

Married persons, or those contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, should immediately consult Dr. J., and be restored to perfect health. According to Dr. J.'s Reports, Baltimore, Md., on the left hand side, going from Baltimore street, 7 doors from the corner, to the residence of the doctor, where you will mistake the name.

Dr. Johnston, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from every Faculty in the Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with a ringing in the ears, dimness of the eyes, nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent flushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured infallibly.

Take Particular Notice. Dr. J. has discovered a new and singularly effective remedy for private and impure indulgences, that secret and solitary habit, which runs both body and mind, unfitting them for either business or pleasure.

Nervous Debility. Weakness of the system, nervous debility and premature decay, that solitary profligacy so fatal to the healthful existence of man, and which is the cause of so many of the diseases to which they are subject themselves. Parents and guardians are often misled by the false promises of the quacks, who offer to cure them of their diseases, and who, in fact, only add to their sufferings.

Dr. Johnston's Invigorating Remedy for Organic Weakness. This grand and important Remedy has restored strength and vigor to thousands of the most debilitated individuals, many who had lost all hope, and been abandoned by their physicians.

Marriage. should reflect that the body and body are the most essential requisites to promote conjugal happiness. Indeed, without this, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, and the path of matrimony is a thorny and painful one.

To Strangers. The many thousands cured at this institution within the last ten years, and the numerous important operations performed by Dr. Johnston, are attested by the reports of the papers and many other persons who have been cured.

Weakness of the Organs. Immediately cured, and full vigor restored. ALL LETTERS TO BE ADDRESSED TO THE EDITOR, "SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON," BALTIMORE, MD.

INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE VALLEY. CAPITAL \$500,000, with power to increase the same to \$200,000. This Company, having fully organized, is now ready to receive Applications and issue Policies, and offers to the citizens of Virginia the inducement of a home Company for their insurances.

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. INCORPORATED 1810—Charter Perpetual. CAPITAL \$1,000,000—Increase to \$2,000,000. This Company, having fully organized, is now ready to receive Applications and issue Policies, and offers to the citizens of Virginia the inducement of a home Company for their insurances.

AGENCY. THE undersigned, Agent for INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE VALLEY OF VIRGINIA, at Winchester, Va., will receive Applications and issue Policies, and offers to the citizens of Virginia the inducement of a home Company for their insurances.

CASH FOR NEGROES. I AM desirous to purchase a large number of NEGROES for the southern States, men, women, boys, girls and families, who will sell for high prices.

CORN! CORN! I AM desirous to purchase a large number of NEGROES for the southern States, men, women, boys, girls and families, who will sell for high prices.

WANTED—An apprentice wanted. I AM desirous to purchase a large number of NEGROES for the southern States, men, women, boys, girls and families, who will sell for high prices.

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Original Poetry.

VOL. X. CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, MAY 10, 1853. NO. 19.

THE THREE HONES.

THE MAGIC OF NECESSITY.

BY FINLEY JOHNSON.

It had been an uncommonly warm and sultry day, and as the cool air of evening swept onward, and fanned the brows of the heated laborer, they, one and all, looked heavenward, that the toil of the day was over. But to no one among the homeward-bound did the evening breeze seem more refreshing than to three, whose basket of tools borne on their shoulders denoted their carpenter's trade.

That evening, at the usual hour, the three returned to Bell Air; Fields, the others on the way, for his heart was light, his strength undiminished, and he was rejoiced by their day's labor, and had no bright home thoughts to cheer them.

But the next moment his wife entered, and then he knew his home again, for her own dress was a matter that amid all her reformations she had overlooked. But those she had effected sufficed for the time, for pleased with the unwelcome comfort, her husband remained contented at home.

And a good and happy woman that night was Mrs. Yates. She looked upon the victory as already gained, and great was her disappointment when, on the following evening, Yates went to the public house. The next morning she took her way to Mrs. Fields' cottage, to communicate to her her hopes and fears of the last two days.

And now, my dear, said Mrs. Jones, I suppose, because you are not allowed to make every thing as you please, you are going to the public house to spend your money.

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THE SEASONS OF LOVE.

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The Spring-time of love is both happy and gay, For joy sprinkles blossoms and balm in our way; For joy, earth, didst ocean in bliss repose, And all the bright future, in sunny repose.

The Summer of love is the bloom of the heart, When billows of valour their music impart, And the pure glow of heaven is seen in fond eyes, As lakes show the rainbow that hangs in the skies.

The Autumn of love is the season of joy, When life's glad hours are the smiles of the day, Which comes when the golden-rod harvest is stored, And yields its own blessings—repose and reward.

The Winter of love is the beam that we view, While the storm-towls fly from the sunning within, Love's reign is eternal, the heart is his throne, And he claims all seasons of life for his own: ZETA.

ANGRY WORDS. Angry words are lightly spoken In a rash and thoughtless hour; Brightest links of life are broken By a single angry word.

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General Intelligence.

REGISTRATION BILL.

Among the general provisions in the new Constitution concerning the duties of the Legislature, the following section occurs: "The General Assembly shall provide for the periodical registrations in the several counties, cities, and towns of the voters thereof, and for the annual registration of the births, marriages and deaths in the colored population of the State, distinguishing between the numbers of free colored persons and slaves."

The late Legislature, just before its adjournment, passed bills in accordance with this provision, and the registration of voters is intended to diminish the chances of illegal voting and election frauds, by having a regular and prepared list of names entitled to vote. We give an abstract of the bill as we find it in an exchange:

"The Commissioners of the Revenue are required to list all persons who shall be entitled to vote at the next election for members of the General Assembly, so as to exhibit, separately those who reside in the respective districts, for the election of Justices of the Peace, and also a separate list of voters residing in each district in three places of voters within the same, to be returned to the County or Corporation Clerk. Any voter whose name is omitted on the list may have it entered by applying to the Commissioners at any time prior to the tenth day before the general election. The Commissioner will receive three cents for every vote listed, to be paid by the county or corporation; and for knowing and entering the name of a voter who is entitled to vote shall forfeit a sum not less than twenty more than one hundred dollars. Such persons whose names are omitted on the list, and who are not more than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars—The clerks are required to deliver to the commissioners of election copies of the lists for each district or wards; and the lists shall be prima facie evidence of the right of persons whose names are entered thereon to vote; but the Commissioners may, at their discretion, disqualify any person whose name is entered, and in respect to the qualifications of those whose names have not been entered, they may require the voter to prove his residence in a district other than that in which he resides; the commissioner of elections shall require satisfactory evidence of the residence of the voter, and in no case shall the first of January next, except so far as it prejudices the duties of commissioners of the revenue."

GREENOUGH'S GROUP OF STATUES. A correspondent of the New York Herald, in a letter dated on board the United States Ship St. Louis, in their absence do not feel the burden; but when the same thing is attempted by those in moderate and humble circumstances, then comes the tug of war. In order to ape the attitudes of wealth, they exhaust all their resources, and even strain their credit till it is perfectly threadbare.

There is much in the habits and customs of society, which is a strong temptation to this course—yet it is a serious evil. It is not right as between man and man; it is an extravagance that carries in its train a pecuniary injustice. He who lives beyond his means must necessarily be deficient from the pockets of his neighbors, very often upon the strength of a deceptive credit.

There is of course an end to this habit sooner or later; the commercial reputation of the individual must finally be swamped by the number of his unpaid indebtedness; yet the whole process is so slow and insidious, that before the catastrophe reveals it, No Christian ought to be guilty of it. He not only disgraces himself thereby, but also jeopardizes the reputation of religion among men.

It is moreover a very uncomfortable habit—He who lives above his means, generally owes more than he can pay; and the farther he goes the more he is embarrassed. He becomes a stop-work borrower; pays one debt by contracting another; has a great many debts to pay—little petty, annoying bills scattered in all directions, which he does not know how to discharge. He is constantly haunting him with their unpleasant clamors; they scourge his reputation, and give the community the just impression that he is a poor paymaster.

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BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, CARDS, BLANKS, CHECKS, HANDBILLS, LABELS, &c.; EXECUTED WITH PRECISION AND DISPATCH AT THE OFFICE OF SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON.

60-c supply of Managers, Sheriffs, and Constables' BLANKS, for use of Magistrates and Justices of the Peace, Trust-Negotiable and Promissory Notes, &c., &c., always on hand.

A HOUSEHOLD STORY.

A most horrible crime was perpetrated in Ulster county, New York, on Sunday the 11th ultimo. For many years a man named Benjamin Boyce lived in the mountains known as the "Traps," in the town of Rochester in this county. He had several sons and daughters. The wife of Benjamin Boyce one morning, was found frozen to death, about a mile from home, in the mountains, some fifteen or more years ago, and also was buried beneath the leaves of the forest. Ben lived alone with his children for some time, but finally they were all married save one, named Eliza.

Not far from Ben's lived a man named Cross who was married, but lived unapparently with his wife. Ben knew this, and accordingly opened negotiations with his neighbor, who resulted in a fair contract. Boyce married Mrs. Cross to wife, or to his home, and Cross took Ben's daughter, Eliza.

Soon after this arrangement, the woman, Eliza, gave birth to a daughter. But the complexion of the child, the color and peculiar curl of her hair, indicated to some one blacker than Cross was his father. Besides, her reported infancy was a colored man, strengthened the conviction that the child was the progeny of the black man and the white woman. Cross did not seem to mind this at all, but continued to acknowledge her as his spouse, and the child as his own.

The girl became fourteen or fifteen years of age, when she was selected by a man from the neighborhood in a horrible manner. In this affair she was a young, high, and perfectly perpendicular. Here they stopped to talk. After a brief period, Goslin looked over the brink and cried out to the girl that he saw a woodchuck, and indicated to her where the animal was to be seen. After he withdrew a step or two, she approached the edge of the rock to look over, when he gave a shout, and she fell over the side into the awful abyss below.

Strange as it may appear, the fall did not kill her. She struck among stones and stumps, but survived the terrible descent. The injuries she sustained, however, were terrible, and must prove fatal, it is said. Her wounds were rent open, and the whole body was bruised and mangled in a horrible manner. In this awful condition, she crawled towards a habitation, and was two days and nights exposed, before she was discovered. Up to the last accounts she is still living.

Goslin has fled. It is stated that his wife was cognizant of the cowardly deed, and it is believed urged him to it from jealousy. Officers are in pursuit of the villain, and it is hoped they may be arrested and punished. The people here are highly excited on the subject, and if he is captured about here, he will almost certainly be subject to Lynch law. It is considered impossible for the girl to live, though she yet breathes.

A FAITHFUL SERVANT. Rather a singular case, bordering on the romantic, has lately come to light in our city. A wealthy young man, doing business in Boston, was engaged to be married to a very estimable young lady residing in a neighboring city. The time was appointed for the wedding, and to render the occasion more brilliant, a tender of the bride was also to be led in a car at the same time to the wedding, and in his stead, she was to be escorted by one of our sister cities. The dresses were prepared for both, the clergyman engaged, and everything was ready, when an intimation reached the father of the brides that his intended son-in-law in Boston was not what he should be.

Investigation was made, and it was ascertained that the Boston bridegroom was not residing at the address which he had given for a month or two. He was a young man, and his father assumed names. He had also two other ladies to whom he was paying particular attention. As soon as the facts became known, he left for New Orleans. His paragon, with whom he has been living, dressed herself in male attire, and attempted to escape with him, but was detected and sent home to New York, where she adopted.

The arrangements for the wedding of course were disarranged, and only one of the sisters was married, the disappointed lady acting as bridesmaid on the occasion. It is said that the young man has spent \$30,000 within a few months, the money having been bequeathed him by his father.—Boston Traveller.

ADULTERATION OF COFFEE. The following paragraph from a London paper will give our readers an idea of the extent to which the adulteration of certain articles is practiced in England: "In the course of the proceedings in the Bankrupt Court on Friday, some curious statements were elicited in reference to the adulteration of coffee with chicory. The adulteration had been carried on for years by the Treasurer of the Bank, and attributed their storage to the Treasury office prohibiting adulteration. The adulteration was carried on by the Treasurer of the Bank, and attributed their storage to the Treasury office prohibiting adulteration.

WAR ON THE GAMBLERS.—It appears that gamblers have become so odious to the people of Columbia, that public meetings have been held, at which it was resolved that gambling, as a business, should be suppressed; that every good citizen should lend his aid to effect the abolition of this evil; that every person who knowingly permits gambling on his premises should be prosecuted; and that a committee be appointed, empowered to carry out these resolves.

RECEIPTS OF GOLD AT THE MINT.—The Philadelphia Bulletin learns from the United States Mint that the amount of gold received at the Philadelphia Mint from the 1st of April, has been about four and a half millions of dollars (\$4,500,000)—not equal to the extraordinary deposits of the month of March, which it took two weeks to receive. During the same period the exports of specie to Europe have been about \$82,000—leaving a handsome surplus in the treasury.

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